# Prelude to Observational Data Collection Lecture

- Two major kinds of behavioral data
- Observational data collection procedures
- Data Collection Settings

## Data collection methods

All data are collected using one of two major methods... Behavioral Observation Data

- When data are obtained by human recording and/or coding of participants' behaviors
- Naturalistic Observation
- Undisguised Participant Observation
- Disguised Participant Observation
- Self-Report Data (often called Survey Research)
  - When data are obtained from participant's written or spoken responses to researcher's questions

Behavioral Observation Data Collection

It is useful to discriminate among different types of observation ...

### Naturalistic Observation

- Participants don't know that they are being observed
  - requires "camouflage" or "distance"
  - researchers can be VERY creative & committed !!!!

# Participant Observation (which has two types)

- Participants know "someone" is there researcher is a participant in the situation
  - Undisguised
    - the "someone" is an observer who is in plain view
    - Maybe the participant knows they're collecting data...
  - Disguised
    - the observer looks like "someone who belongs there"

# Behavioral Observation Data – which is naturalistic, undisguised & disguised participant

Answers on next page!!!

- Researcher gets one of his student research assistants to make observations while sitting on the Dorm Lounge.
- Researcher videotapes students in their Dorm Lounge, using a hidden camera.
- Researcher walks into the Dorm Lounge one evening and says, "Just act normally, I want to observe you for my research."
- I ask one of the students what is their favorite television program.
- I stand in the corner of computer room recording what software students are using.
- I have a program running in the computer room that records which software students are using.
- One of my research assistants sits at a computer in the computer room, occasionally walking about surreptitiously recording who is using what software.

Behavioral Observation Data – which is naturalistic, undisguised & disguised participant		
ľ	<ul> <li>Researcher gets one of his student research assistants to make observations while sitting on the Dorm Lounge.</li> </ul>	disguised
	Researcher videotapes students in their Dorm Lounge, using a hidden camera.	naturalistic
	<ul> <li>Researcher walks into the Dorm Lounge one evening and says, "Just act normally, I want to observe you for my research."</li> </ul>	undisguised
	<ul> <li>I ask one of the students what is their favorite television program.</li> </ul>	Psyche! This is self- report!
	<ul> <li>I stand in the corner of computer room recording what software students are using.</li> </ul>	undisguised
	<ul> <li>I have a program running in the computer room that records which software students are using.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>One of my research assistants sits at a computer in the computer room, occasionally walking about surreptitiously recording who is using what software.</li> </ul>	disguised

### Data collection Settings

Same thing we discussed as an element of external validity... Any time we collect data, we have to collect it somewhere –

there are three general categories of settings

## Field

- Usually defined as "where the participants naturally behave"
- Helps external validity, but can make control (internal validity) more difficult (RA and Manip possible with some creativity)

#### Laboratory

Helps with control (internal validity) but can make external validity more difficult (remember ecological validity?)

Structured Setting

- A "natural appearing" setting that promotes "natural behavior" while increasing opportunity for "control"
- An attempt to blend the best attributes of Field and Laboratory settings !!!

Data collection Settings identify each as laboratory, field or structured...

Answers on next page!!!

- Study of turtle food preference conducted in Salt Creek.
- Study of turtle food preference conducted with turtles in 10 gallon tanks.
- Study of turtle food preference conducted in a 13,000 gallon "cement pond" with natural plants, soil, rocks, etc.
- Study of jury decision making conducted in 74 Burnett, having participants read a trial transcript.
- Study of jury decision making with mock juries conducted in the mock trial room at the Law College.
- Study of jury decision making conducted with real jurors at the Court Building.

Data collection Settings identify each as laboratory, field or structured...

• Study of turtle food preference field conducted in Salt Creek. Study of turtle food preference • laboratory conducted with turtles in 10 gallon tanks. Study of turtle food preference conducted in a 13,000 gallon "cement structured pond" with natural plants, soil, rocks, etc. Study of jury decision making laboratory conducted in 74 Burnett, having participants read a trial transcript. Study of jury decision making with • structured mock juries conducted in the mock trial room at the Law College. Study of jury decision making • field conducted with real jurors at the Court Buildina