Measurement Validity

- Measurement error → bad data → worthless results
- Is the IV properly manipulated?
- Is the DV properly measured?
- Are the values we have for every measure/behavior correct?
- Observational, Self-report or Trace?
- Primary or Archival data?

Every Measure/Behavior is either...

	Constant	Variable
Measured	1	2
Manipulated	3	4

IV causes DV

- Temporal Precedence
- Reliable statistical relationship
- No alternative hypotheses/confounds

Measure/behavior types & their "roles" in a design

Statistical Conclusion Validity

- IV & DV can't be causally related if not statistically related
- Statistical sgnificance tests

Internal Validity

Programmatic Research – novel RH tests, replication & convergence

Every Measure/Behavior Plays a "Role" in a Study

Causal Variable (IV) 4 -- Ongoing Eq Effect Variable (DV) 2 -- Ongoing Eq

Control Constant 1 -- Initial Eq 3 -- Ongoing Eq

Control Variable 2 - Initial Eq 4 -- Ongoing Eq

Confounding Variable 2 - Initial Eq 4 -- Ongoing Eq

External Validity

Population -- Participant Sampling

Target population
Sampling Frame
Selected Sample

Data Sample

MM

Complete or Purposive

Researcher-selected or Self-selected Simple or Stratified

Attrition

Setting

Laboratory, Structured or Field ?

Task/Stimulus

Familiar/Representative or Unfamiliar/Control?

Societal/Temporal

• Relationships among variables change over time in a society

Choices we make influence Internal and External Validity !!

Participants

representation vs. control

Setting

representation vs. control

Task-Stimulus

representation vs. control

BG WG True Experiment ☺ ☺ Non-experiment ☺ ☺

Design

Initial Equivalence – Participant Assignment

- RA of individual participants by the researcher before manipulation of the IV -- best but not a guarantee
- Without proper RA all subject variables are potential confounds
- Subject constants can't be confounding variables
- Subject variables that are equivalent across IV conditions are control variables
- Subject variables that are nonequivalent across IV conditions are confounding variables – even if RA was used (remember RA doesn't always work)

Ongoing Equivalence – Procedural Standardization

- Only the IV is different across IV conditions
- Procedural constants can not be confounding variables
- Procedural variables that are equivalent across IV conditions are control variables
- Procedural variables that are nonequivalent across IV conditions are confounding variables
- Ongoing equivalence is harder to maintain in field settings
- Ongoing equivalence is harder to maintain during longer procedures